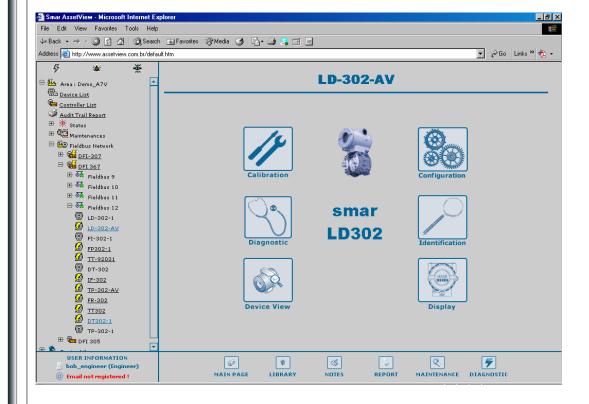
AssetView HMI

LD302 - AssetView HMI



JAN / 09
AssetView HMI





Specifications and information are subject to change without notice. Up-to-date address information is available on our website.

web: www.smar.com/contactus.asp

LD302 - ASSETVIEW HMI

LD302 Home Page

This manual describes the pages developed for LD302 maintenance using AssetView.

The figure below shows the LD302 initial page and its options:

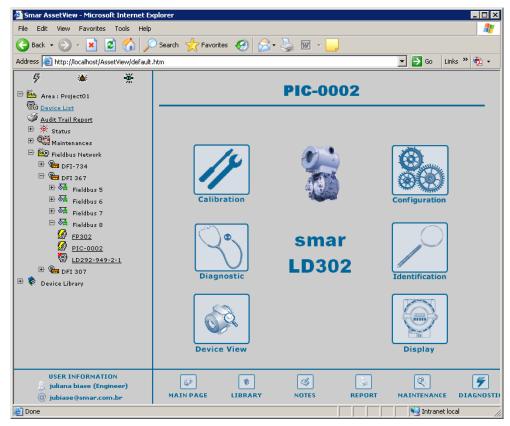


Figure 1. LD302 Home Page

The following sub-sections will describe each one of the pages developed for the device maintenance.

LD302 Identification Page

This page displays relevant information to the pressure transmitter. The user can easily identify and specify the transmitter in the physical plant.



Figure 2. Identification Page

Device

Indicates the tag associated to the transmitter in the physical plant. The tag can have up to 32 characters.
Identifies the transmitter type for a specific manufacturer.
Indicates the transmitter serial number.
Indicates the transmitter revision.
Indicates the transmitter hardware revision.
Indicates the transmitter identification code. This code can have up to 32 characters.
Identifies the transmitter manufacturer.
Indicates the serial number of the transmitter main board.
Indicates the transmitter firmware revision.
Indicates the DD revision.
Indicates the transmitter ordering code.

Sensor

SENSOR TYPE	Indicates the transmitter sensor type.
SENSOR FLUID	Indicates the fluid of the transmitter's sensor.
SENSOR RANGE CODE	Indicates the range code of the transmitter's sensor.
SENSOR ISOLATION MATERIAL	Indicates the sensor isolation material.
SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER	Indicates the transmitter sensor serial number.

Flange

FLANGE TYPE	Indicates the flange type.
FLANGE MATERIAL	Indicates the flange material.
DRAIN/VENT MATERIAL	Indicates the drain/vent material.
O-RING MATERIAL	Indicates the o-ring material.

Remote Seal

NUMBER OF REMOTE SEALS	Indicates the number of remote seals.
REMOTE SEAL TYPE	Indicates the remote seal type.
REMOTE SEAL FLUID	Indicates the remote seal fluid.
REMOTE SEAL ISOLATION MATERIAL	Indicates the remote seal isolation material.

LD302 Configuration Page

There are some parameters in the **LD302** transducer block that can be used in the predictive and proactive maintenance. It is possible to detect the performance decreasing by comparing the current parameters with the standard values and then schedule the maintenance.

The user can check the general status diagnostic in the **LD302 Diagnostic Page** (refer to the next section). This status is generated according to the user configuration in the **LD302 Configuration Page**. For example, the "**Sensor Failure**" diagnostic may be caused by an overpressure in the sensor.

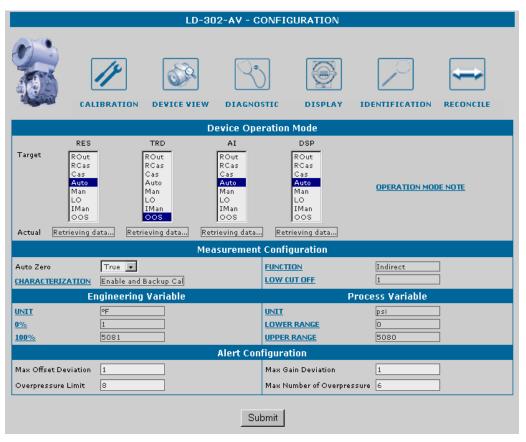


Figure 3. Configuration Page

Device Operation ModeIndicates the operation mode for the device:

oos	If this mode is selected, the value of the <i>Mode Block</i> parameter will be <i>Out of Service</i> for the <i>Resource</i> , <i>Transducer</i> and <i>Analog Output</i> blocks.
AUTO	If this mode is selected, the value of the <i>Mode Block</i> parameter will be <i>Auto</i> for the <i>Resource</i> , <i>Transducer</i> , <i>Display</i> and <i>Analog Output</i> blocks.
MAN	If this mode is selected, the value of the <i>Mode Block</i> parameter will be <i>Manual</i> for the <i>Analog Output</i> block, and <i>Auto</i> for the <i>Resource</i> , <i>Transducer</i> and <i>Display</i> blocks.

Measured TypeSelect the type of the measured variable:

LEVEL	Indicates the transmitter is measuring level.
PRESSURE	Indicates the transmitter is measuring pressure.
FLOW	Indicates the transmitter is measuring flow.

Measurement Configuration

AUTO ZERO	Enables and disables the zero cutoff.
CHARACTERIZATION	Enables and disables the pressure characterization curve.
FUNCTION	Indicates the function that acts in the <i>Primary Value</i> : <i>Linear</i> or <i>Table</i> .
LOW CUT OFF	Indicates the value of the pressure cutoff. If the pressure value is lower than the value indicated by <i>Low Cut Off</i> , zero ("0") will be displayed.

Engineering Variable

UNIT	Engineering unit.
0%	Value of the pressure corresponding to 0%, in EU.
100%	Value of the pressure corresponding to 100%, in EU.

Process Variable

UNIT	Unit of the process variable.
LOWER RANGE	Lower limit of the process variable.
UPPER RANGE	Upper limit of the process variable.

Alert Configuration

MAXIMUM OFFSET DEVIATION	Indicates the maximum offset deviation before an alarm is generated.
OVERPRESSURE LIMIT	Defines the maximum overpressure limit before an alarm is generated.
MAXIMUM GAIN DEVIATION	Defines the maximum gain before an alarm is generated.
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF OVERPRESSURE	Defines the maximum number of overpressure before an alarm is generated.

LD302 Diagnostics Page

The user can check the general status diagnostic in the LD302 Diagnostic Page.



Figure 4. Diagnostic Page

Device Status

MAXIMUM PRESSURE MEASURED	Indicates the maximum pressure measured.
MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE MEASURED	Indicates the maximum temperature measured.
CURRENT OFFSET	Indicates the current calibrated offset.
CURRENT SPAN	Indicates the current calibrated span.

Diagnosis

This field shows the continuous diagnostic status for the device, including the function block condition, the mechanical module condition and the sensor condition.

POWER UP	Indicates that the device has executed the initial operation procedure.
SENSOR FAILURE	Indicates a failure in the sensor, such as overpressure.
MEMORY FAILURE	Indicates an electronic failure according to the internal checking procedure, such as an incorrect checksum detected in the main memory.
OUT OF SERVICE	Indicates that the function block is out of service.
DEVICE NEEDS MAINTENANCE SOON	The internal diagnostic according to the user configuration or device internal checking has detected that the device will need maintenance soon. This diagnostic is related to overpressure in the sensor.
DEVICE NEEDS MAINTENANCE NOW	The internal diagnostic according to the user configuration or device internal checking has detected that the device needs maintenance. This diagnostic is related to the sensor calibration.
CALIBRATION ERROR	Indicates that an error occurred during the device calibration, or a calibration error has been detected while operating the device.

BLOCK CONFIGURATION ERROR	Indicates that there is an error related to the XD_SCALE parameter in the AI function block.
DATA INTEGRITY ERROR	Indicates that data stored in the system may be no longer valid, for example, because the checksum of the data in the RAM memory has failed when compared to the data in the non-volatile memory.
SOFTWARE ERROR	The software has detected an error that may have been caused by a deviation of a service routine, an interruption, a lost pointer, etc.
ELECTRONICS FAILURE	An electronic component has failed.
GENERAL ERROR	A general error related to the device has been detected.

LD302 Calibration Page

This page displays configuration data used in the calibration procedures.

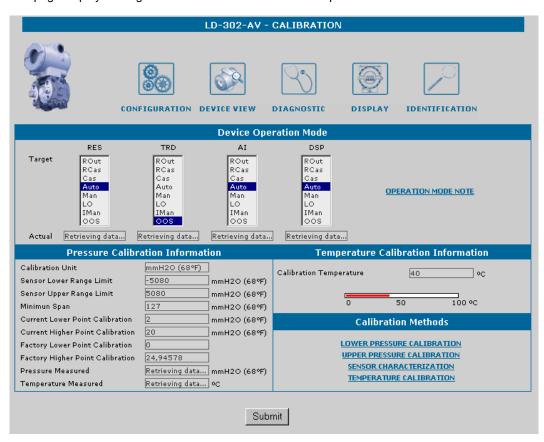


Figure 5. Calibration Page

Pressure Calibration Information

CALIBRATION UNIT	Indicates the unit for the pressure calibration procedure.
SENSOR LOWER RANGE LIMIT	Indicates the lower limit for the range's sensor.
SENSOR UPPER RANGE LIMIT	Indicates the upper limit for the range's sensor.
MINIMUM SPAN	Indicates the minimum value allowed between the lower and upper points of the calibration.
CURRENT LOW POINT CALIBRATION	Indicates the current lower point of the pressure calibration.

CURRENT HIGH POINT CALIBRATION	Indicates the current higher point of the pressure calibration.
FACTORY LOW POINT CALIBRATION	Indicates the factory's lower point of the pressure calibration.
FACTORY HIGH POINT CALIBRATION	Indicates the factory's higher point of the pressure calibration.
PRESSURE MEASURED	Indicates the pressure measured by the device.
TEMPERATURE MEASURED	Indicates the temperature measured by the device.

Temperature Calibration Information

CALIBRATION UNIT	Indicates the unit for the temperature calibration procedure.
CALIBRATION TEMPERATURE	Indicates the value of the last temperature calibration.

Calibration Methods

NOTE

When the transmitter is installed, it is recommended to run the *Lower Pressure Calibration* procedure to minimize the mounting. Please refer to the transmitter manual for further details.

LOWER PRESSURE CALIBRATION:

This method is used when calibrating the lower pressure point. The user can select the calibration unit and type the value of the pressure applied as reference value to the transmitter, observing the sensor limits and the minimum span.

When this method is selected, a message appears warning the user that this procedure must be executed when the process stops or the plant control is set to manual.

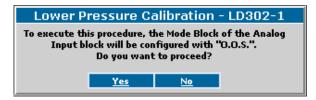


Figure 6. Configuring the Mode Block

Click **Yes**, apply the pressure and wait for the sensor stabilization.

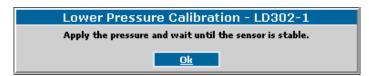


Figure 7. Stabilizing the Pressure

Click **OK** and the pressure measured will be shown.

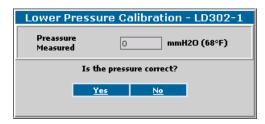


Figure 8. Confirming the Value of the Pressure

If the value is correct, click **Yes** to conclude this procedure. Otherwise, click **No** and type the pressure value:



Figure 9. New Pressure Value

Click **OK** to apply the new pressure value, and then click **Yes** to confirm the alteration, as shown in Figure 8. The calibration procedure will be concluded.

UPPER PRESSURE CALIBRATION:

This method is similar to the **Lower Pressure Calibration** procedure described above. It is used when calibrating the pressure with the user's reference instead of the manufacturer's reference.

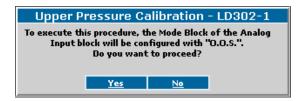


Figure 10. Configuring the Mode Block

Click Yes, apply the pressure, and wait for the sensor stabilization.

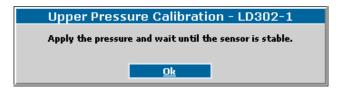


Figure 11. Stabilizing the Pressure

Click **OK** and the pressure measured will be shown.

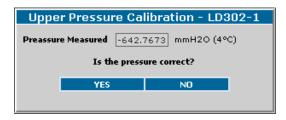


Figure 12. Confirming the Value of the Pressure

If the value is correct, click **Yes** to conclude this procedure. Otherwise, click **No**, and type the pressure value:

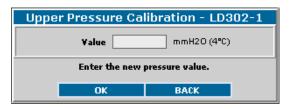


Figure 13. New Pressure Value

Click **OK** to apply the new pressure value, and then click **Yes** to confirm the alteration, as shown in Figure 12. The calibration procedure will be concluded.

SENSOR CHARACTERIZATION:

This method is used to correct the sensor reading in several points. Use an accurate and stable pressure source to guarantee that the accuracy is at least three times better than the transmitter accuracy.

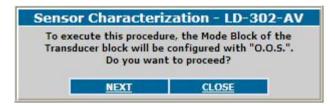


Figure 14. Configuring the Mode Block

Click **Next** and wait for the pressure stabilization before performing the trim. The characteristic curve of the sensor can be slightly nonlinear at a certain temperature and for some ranges. This nonlinearity can be corrected by the **Characterization Trim**. The user can characterize the transmitter with the desired operating range to obtain a better accuracy. The characterization is determined from two up to five points.

Apply the pressure to the transmitter and waits the sensor stabilization.

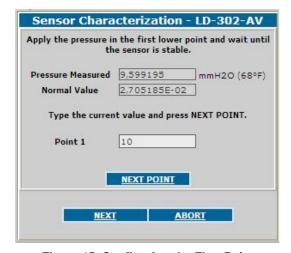


Figure 15. Configuring the First Point

The pressure measured will be shown. Type the first point value, and click **Next Point**.

Apply pressure to the second point click **Next Point**, and then, successively up to the last point. Up to five points can be inserted. Click **Finish** to conclude the procedure.

NOTE

When more than two and less than five points are used, after insert them, and clicking **Next** the following figure will appear. In the **Curve Y (%)** and **Curve X (%)** tabs only the calibrated points will appear before clicking the **Next** option.

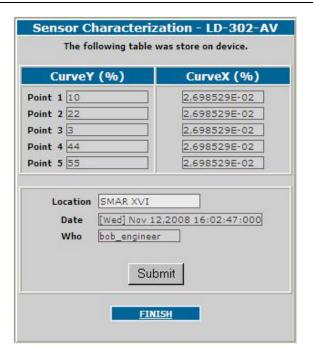


Figure 16. Finishing the Points' Configuration

Type the location when the **Sensor Characterization** procedure is executed, and click **Submit**. Click **Finish** to conclude the procedure.

TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION

This method is used to calibrate the temperature sensor.

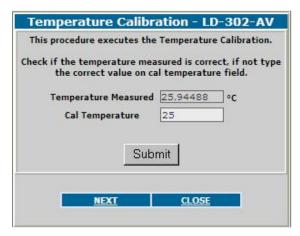


Figure 17. Stabilizing the Temperature

If the value is correct, click **Next**. Otherwise, type the correct temperature value, click **Submit,** wait for the sensor stabilization, and then click **Next**. The following figure will appear.

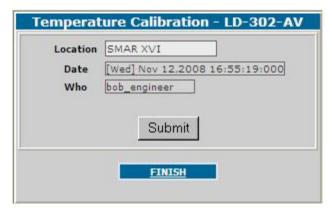


Figure 18. New Temperature Value

Type the location when the **Temperature Calibration** procedure is executed, and click **Submit**. Click **Finish** to conclude the procedure.

LD302 Display Page

The user can save the data shown in the device's display.

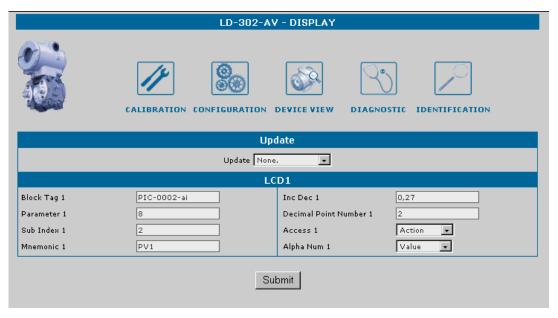


Figure 19. Display Page

Display

BLOCK TAG	Shows the tags list of the available instantiated blocks.
PARAMETER	Shows the list of available parameters to be displayed in the LCD for the selected block in the <i>Block Tag</i> option.
SUB INDEX	Indicates the sub-index of the selected parameter.
MNEMONIC	Indicates the mnemonic of the selected parameter in the <i>Parameter</i> option.
INC DEC	Indicates the value to be added or subtracted when acting the parameter via local adjustment.
DECIMAL POINT NUMB	Indicates the number of digits after the decimal point that will be shown in the LCD.
ACCESS	The user can select the access type of the selected parameter: monitoring or action.
ALPHA NUM	Indicates if the alphanumeric field will be used for mnemonic or for value.

LD302 Device View Page

The user can monitor the device's data opening the *Device View* page.

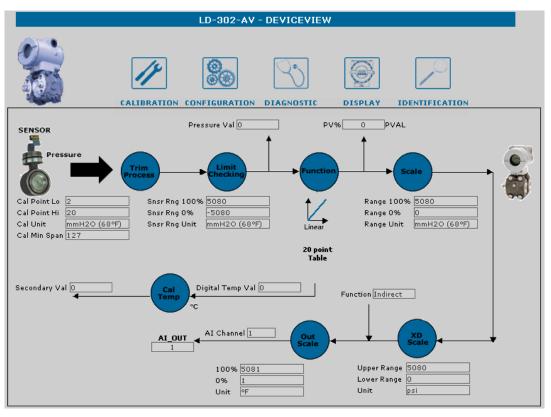


Figure 20. Device View Page